Counterman Quarterly Newsletter



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Tech Tip of the Month...

INVENTORY CATEGORIES?

Categorizing your inventory can provide you with valuable information about your inventory, you may not otherwise ever see. If you have had the opportunity to be a part of Counterman training, you have a fairly good understanding of how this works. Whether you have or have not been trained in the proper use of Inventory Categories in Counterman, I would encourage you to read on. To start, it is important to understand what a Inventory Categories are, and the intention behind them. Categorizing each inventory item will help separate your inventory beyond the realm of "where you buy it from." We all purchase (from several suppliers) things like: leather apparel, helmets, lubricants. gaskets and seals. chrome accessories, collectables, etc, Well, Categorizing these items can help provide the information necessary to utilize additional tools Counterman already has. You can use these tools to analyze how each Category performs on a sales level and how well each Category of items move in and out of your shop. For example, if you want to see how well helmets are selling, a report can be filtered to provide the information. However, it requires that each inventory item has a valid Category applied to it. The ideal means of accomplishing this task would be during the "Receive Stock" process in Counterman. As items are added to inventory, proper Categories can be selected. If desired, you can always go back later to change the Category for each individual inventory item, but using Categories from the get-go is the way to handle it if possible. (The last paragraph in this article will explain how to setup Categories.) Once you have established your Categories, it will be necessary to define which Category should be linked to each item in inventory. This may sound like a lot of work, but it will pay off in the end, and applying correct Categories to new items has been made easier with this new update. By default, any item added to inventory has a Category that matches the Vendor Code. This is because some users have decided not to use this tool. But if you'll take the time to do this process, you will have a great tool at your fingertips. If you have your Categories in place, just run the Inventory Activity Report and sequence it by Category to get all the sales related information for each Category separated into readable columns.

UPDATED PRICE BOOK VENDORS (FOR THIS RELEASE) 42-NEWLY UPDATED PB'S								
AD	Advantage Performance	GW	Gardner Wescott	МС	McDonald (cost only)	SP	Samson Motorcycle	IMPORTANT!
AR **	Arctic Cat	HD**	Harley-Davidson	MP	Motion Pro	SS	S&S Performance	
AT	Automatic Dist. (NEW!)	нн	Helmet House	MU	Mid USA	TL	Troy Lee Designs	(NEW) = New
ВА	Barnett Tool & Eng.	HQ**	Husqvarna	P0**	Polaris/Victory	тм**	Triumph Motorcycle	Vendor/Supplier!
BM**	BMW	JG	James Gaskets	РТ	Power Twins	TR	Tucker Rocky	** - OEM
СА	Castle Sales	JM	Jim's Machining	PU	Parts Unlimited	VL	Van Leeuwen	Franchise Only!
CCI	Custom Chrome	КА	Kuryakyn	RE	Rivera Engineering	VT	Tedd's V-Twin	(or retail prices only
CG	Cometic Gaskets	КМ**	Kawasaki Motorcycle	RO	Romaha	WN	Win Products	will be provided)
DS	Drag Specialties	KN	K&N Engineering	SB	Sullivan Brothers	WP	Western Power	Custom Chrome no
FH	Fulmer Helmets	кт**	KTM Motorcycle	SM	Southern Motorcycle	YA**	Yamaha M/C	longer has quantity price breaks!
FX	Fox		RTM MOLOTCYCLE	SN	Sullivan's USA			price breaker

T7----



Understanding Filters...

What is a "Filter" and what are they used for? I am going to attempt to put in simple terms the reason and usage for "Filters" and attempt to shed some light into how they work and how they can help your business. I know it can be confusing, but please stick with me. By the end of this article you will have a much better understanding of the how/why of "Filters".

In Counterman a "Filter" is used as a tool to help narrow a search and to allow for an added layer for reporting and displaying the output. It is provides a means of locating data (i.e. inventory item, customer, transaction, etc...) specific to what you are looking for. A simple example would be to locate inventory items that have gone to negative balances (meaning you sold something to someone, even though Counterman said you did not have any in stock). This is a common report included in the 'End of Month' processes. Counterman uses a "Filter" of: "Quantity Available, Less Than, Zero". But the actual filter looks more like: "Qty Available, LT, 0" Where the Qty Available is the "Filter Field or Calculation", the LT is the "Operation", and 0 is the "Value". So the way it works is, Counterman looks at the field "Quantity Avail" in inventory then uses the "Operation" (in this example "LT" for "less than") to know the type of calculation it will be using, then uses the number in the "Value" for the search. The result is to report (or display) only those items which are within the criteria of the filter. In this example the only items on the report would be negative balance inventory items. But this example is just the 'chip of the iceberg', so-to-speak... You can use filters in many different reports and displays. Additionally, Counterman allows for 'combining filters' to further narrow your searches. Consider the following example. Let's say you want to run a mailing list of your customers, but your customer list is very large and sending mailers can be expensive. So narrowing down this list to contain customers who have made a purchase recently and have a valid address can easily be accomplished by setting a couple of filters. You can even narrow it down even more by filtering a range of zip codes. Or, maybe you just want a list of customers that have a valid email address so you can bulk email everyone in that 'Filtered" list. Inventory "Filtering" is also very useful. Say you want to see the items you sell the most. Or maybe items that you make the best profit margins. How about a list of items that are not being taxed? Or maybe a list of items that have not sold in the last year (or long-The possibilities are endless. er)? Once you begin to understand and delve into the "Filters" in Counterman, you will be enlightened to know much more about your customers, your inventory, your transactions, employees, mechanics, etc... as these "Filtering" processes begin to make sense. You can check the profitability of select customers, or see which of your employees is performing the best. Knowledge of these key features not only provides information about your business, they can also help you in making smart business decisions and ultimately, help increase your profit.

Ok, armed with this knowledge of how "Filters" can help your business, I will

now attempt to take some of the confusion out of understanding the "Filtering" processes. Some things to keep in mind when using "Filters":

- The filter condition is comparing the information in a particular field to what you have entered into the "Filter Value".
- 2. You can always combine "Filters" to further narrow you search.
- 3. Setting a "Filter" does not change the layout of a report, it just changes the information included.
- 4. If you need a "Filter" that isn't listed, you can always add new ones to suit your needs.
- 5. Understand the available "Filter Operation" you are using and make sure it makes sense.
- If unsure about how to use or set a "Filter" for your needs, know that we are here to help you!

I have included a list of "Filter Operations" at the bottom of this page that explains what each of them do. Hopefully I have explained "Filters" so you have a better understanding of how they work and how to use them. I would encourage you to try different "Filter" scenarios, or maybe come up with a question where a filtered report could possibly provide the answer. As always, we are here to help. Should you need assistance with a "Filter", or if you would like to propose a question that could possibly by answered by setting a "Filter", or a combination of "Filters", just contact our technical support staff. We will be happy to guide you to the correct "Filter" or help you better understand the resulting report. Ríde Safe...

Ralph Weaver 💐

Below is a list of "Filter Operations" and their meaning in Counterman:

CONTAINS	Must match the string of characters in a field entered in "Value"
EMPTY	Must be an empty field with nothing in it. "Value" field must be blank!
EQUAL	Must be an exact match of what is entered in the "Value"
GT	Mathematical value of higher (Greater Than) what is entered in "Value"
GTEQ	Mathematical value of higher or equal (Greater Than or Equal to) entered "Value"
INLIST	Allows for specific, multiple values, separated by a coma, as entered in "Value"
LT	Mathematical value of less (Less Than) the number entered in "Value"
LTEQ	Mathematical value of less or equal (Less Than Equal to) number entered in "Value"
NOTEMPTY	Must contain any character in the field. (Not Empty) "Value" field must be left blank!
NOTEQUAL	Mathematical value that does not match (Not Equal) the number entered in "Value"
RANGE	Mathematical value (Range) between number entered in "Value" and "Thru Value"

RANGE Filter:

Just a quick note on the use of the filter operation of "Range". This is the <u>only</u> filter operation where you will need a "Value" and a "Thru Value". The resulting display and/or report will include information that are <u>in-between</u> the data entered between "Value" and "Thru Value". All other filter conditions do not need a "Thru Value".